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## FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

### BRAZIL.

#### *Reports from Bahia.*

BAHIA, BRAZIL, *January 13, 1902.*

SIR: During the week ended January 11, 1902, interments were made in the cemeteries of this city for the following causes: Aneurism, 2; asthma, 1; beriberi, 1; bronchitis, 5; malarial fevers, 7; cirrhosis of liver, 1; diarrhea, 2; dysentery, 2; gastritis, 8; cardiac lesion, 5; senile debility, 1; violent deaths, 3; nephritis, 1; stillborn, 5; pneumonia, 2; cardiac syncope, 3; tetanus, 2; tuberculosis, 13; other causes, 33.

Respectfully,

H. W. FURNISS,  
*United States Consul.*

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

BAHIA, BRAZIL, *January 21, 1902.*

SIR: I have to inform you that interments for the following causes were made in the cemeteries of this city for the week ending January 18, 1902: Arterio sclerosis, 1; bronchitis, 3; enteritis, 4; malarial fevers, 5; gangrene, 1; gastro enteritis, 3; cardiac lesion, 3; meningitis, 1; senile debility, 1; Bright's disease, 1; violent death, 1; nephritis, 5; stillborn, 4; pneumonia, 2; cardiac syncope, 1; syphilis, 2; tetanus, 3; tuberculosis, 11; other causes, 20.

Respectfully,

H. W. FURNISS,  
*United States Consul.*

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

BAHIA, BRAZIL, *January 29, 1902.*

SIR: I have to inform you that interments for the following causes were made in the cemeteries of this city for the week ended January 25, 1902: Aneurism, 2; arterio sclerosis, 4; beriberi, 2; bronchitis, 2; cirrhosis of liver, 1; enteritis, 4; malarial fevers, 3; gastro enteritis, 8; cardiac lesion, 1; meningitis, 2; senile debility, 3; nephritis, 2; Bright's disease, 2; stillborn, 1; pneumonia, 1; tetanus, 3; tuberculosis, 13; variola, 1; other causes, 29.

Respectfully,

H. W. FURNISS,  
*United States Consul.*

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

[Inclosure.]

## Vital statistics of Bahia, Brazil, for August and September, 1901.

	August.	Septem- ber.		August.	Septem- ber.
Maximum temperature.....	26.5	28	Deaths—Continued.		
Minimum temperature.....	22	23	Spanish.....	1	0
Average temperature.....	24.43	25.11	Uruguayan.....	1	0
Average relative humidity.....	87.60	86.18	Causes of death—		
Rainfall.....	109mm	144mm	Beriberi.....	6	18
Rainy days.....	12	10	Croup.....	1	1
Prevailing winds.....	(a)	(b)	Diphtheria.....	1	0
Cases of infectious diseases—			Smallpox.....	0	4
Yellow fever.....	0	0	Typhoid fever.....	3	5
Smallpox.....	5	5	Yellow fever.....	0	0
Male.....	3	2	Asthma.....	0	2
Female.....	2	3	Bright's disease.....	2	4
Deaths.....	0	4	Bronchitis.....	22	14
Lepers in hospital at close last			Cancer.....	4	4
month—			Cerebral hemorrhage and	16	20
Male.....	11	11	congestion.....		
Female.....	4	4	Cirrhosis of liver.....	8	4
Entered during month.....	0	0	Diarrhea and dysentery.....	45	37
Died during month.....	0	0	Diseases of circulatory sys- tem.....	44	45
Births alive—			Erysipelas.....	3	1
Male.....	31	54	Hepatitis.....	2	1
Female.....	35	56	Intestinal obstruction.....	0	1
Legitimate.....	33	66	Malarial fevers.....	25	25
Illegitimate.....	33	49	Meningitis.....	7	5
Births, stillborn—			Nephritis.....	11	10
Male.....	10	20	Pneumonia.....	4	2
Female.....	13	6	Senile debility.....	12	7
Marriages.....	21	40	Syphilis.....	6	2
Deaths—			Tetanus, adult.....	1	2
African.....	25	16	Tetanus, neonatorum.....	17	23
Brazilian.....	328	353	Tuberculosis, pulmonary.....	55	68
Italian.....	0	1	Tuberculosis, other.....	1	1
Portuguese.....	3	4	Other causes.....	68	70

a Prevailing winds, E. ESE. S.      b Prevailing winds, ENE. E. SE.

## Report from Rio de Janeiro.

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, January 23, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith the official sanitary report for the port of Rio de Janeiro for the week ended January 19, 1902. There were 317 deaths from all causes as compared with 336 in the preceding week. There were 4 deaths from *acesso pernicioso*, a decrease of 1; 5 from yellow fever, a decrease of 1; 15 from smallpox, a decrease of 19; 4 from typhoid fever, a decrease of 3; 1 from measles, an increase of 1; 1 from whooping cough, the same as before; 14 from bubonic pest, an increase of 6; none from lymphatitis, a decrease of 1, and 46 from tuberculosis, an increase of 8.

Respectfully,

E. W. AMES,  
Sanitary Inspector, U. S. M. H. S.The SURGEON-GENERAL,  
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

## CHINA.

## Cholera in Canton.

[Cablegram.]

CANTON, CHINA, February 28, 1902.

SECRETARY OF STATE, Washington, D. C.—Asiatic cholera increasing. Captain British gunboat *Britomart* victim.—McWADE, United States Consul.